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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/664,279	09/17/2003	Matthias Huber	02581-P0546A	4541
24126	7590 07/22/2005		EXAMINER	
	STEWARD JOHNSTO	FLANAGAN, BEVERLY MEINDL		
986 BEDFORD STREET STAMFORD, CT 06905-5619		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3739	

DATE MAILED: 07/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u> </u>	Application No.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summers		10/664,279	HUBER ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	TI MAUNIO DATE (III	Beverly M. Flanagan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication reply	on appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence addres	:s			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 six (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be teply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, ion. s, a reply within the statutory minimur period will apply and will expire SIX (y statute, cause the application to bec	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. 6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communione ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status		•					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	29 April 2005.					
·		o)					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application of the above claim(s) is/are with claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	thdrawn from consideratio	*				
Applicat	on Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Ex The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	☐ accepted or b)☐ object to the drawing(s) be held in a correction is required if the dr	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). awing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) <u>□</u> a)∣	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Eace the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been receive uments have been receive e priority documents have Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	d. d in Application No been received in this National Stag	Hy			
Attachmen	t(s)		PRIMARYEXANI	NEH /			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Infori Pape	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/r No(s)/Mail Date	SB/08) 5) Not	ice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	:)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Entry of Amendment

The amendment filed April 29, 2005 has been entered and made of record.

Previously Set Forth Rejections

The 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 1-6, 9 and 10 as being unpatentable over Hashiguchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,779,613) is hereby *maintained*. The 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) rejection of claims 7 and 8 as being unpatentable over Hashiguchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,779,613) in view of Rudischhauser et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,077,220) is hereby *maintained*.

The following reiterated grounds of rejection are set forth:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashiguchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,779,613).

In regard to claims 1-6, 9 and 10, Hashiguchi et al. disclose an endoscope 1 having a housing 3 in which an optical system 9 is inserted and a detachable eyepiece

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4 (see Figure 31). A hygroscopic member 192 is also inserted in the housing 3 (see Figures 31 and 32). Hashiguchi et al. disclose that the hygroscopic member 192 is formed from a cellulose hydrate and is sheet-shaped, but can be shaped into any size as required (see col. 16, lines 46-68). Hashiguchi et al. also disclose that other materials may be used to form the hygroscopic material, such as blotting paper or Japanese paper (see col. 17, lines 65-68 and col. 18, lines 1-6). It is the examiner's opinion that this broad disclosure incorporates the use of a moldable matrix material (which can include a cellulose hydrate), forming the hygroscopic member into an o-ring or a cylindrical sheath shape and size, utilizing elastic, silicon, ceramic or polyurethane materials and production of the hygroscopic material by injection molding. Hashiguichi et al. are silent as to the hygroscopic member 192 being removable. However, it is well settled that the separation of elements, where removability would be desirable, is a design consideration within the skill of the art. In re Dulberg, 283 F.2d 522, 129 USPQ 348 (CCPA 1961). In endoscopes, components are made removable or separable to facilitate cleaning or sterilization, or interchangeability. Accordingly, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the hygroscopic member 192 of Hashiguchi et al. removable, so that it could be easily removed for sterilization or replaced with another member when it was worn.

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Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashiguchi et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,779,613) in view of Rudischhauser et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,077,220).

In regard to claims 7 and 8, Hashiguchi et al. are silent as to a moisture indicator on the hygroscopic member. However, Rudischhauser et al. disclose a similar endoscope having dessicant spheres 5 inserted in the eyepiece 1 for the adsorption of moisture, where the spheres 5 are provided with a color indicator that undergoes a change at a defined moisture level (see col. 3, lines 4-32). Rudischhauser et al. thus demonstrate that moisture absorbing materials having a moisture indicator that changes color when exposed to a certain level of moisture, as used in endoscopes, are well known in the art. Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the hygroscopic member 192 of Hashiguchi et al. with a moisture indicator, such as the color change indicator disclosed by Rudischhauser et al., in the interest of equipping the endoscope operator with the ability to determine when a certain level of moisture has been reached within the endoscope.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on April 29, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Hishiguchi does not disclose a hygroscopic material imbedded in a moldable matrix material where the matrix material is caulked with the

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hygroscopic substance and is inserted replaceable in the eyepiece. Applicant also argued that the hygroscopic material in Hashiguchi et al. is a flexible strip material and is not imbedded into anything. Finally, applicant argued that the sheet material is not replaceably inserted into the eyepiece.

As noted by the examiner in the previous Office action and reiterated above, Hashguchi et al. broadly disclose that the hygroscopic member 192 can be shaped into any size as required and many suitable materials may be used to form the hygroscopic material (see col. 16, lines 46-68, col. 7, lines 65-68 and col. 18, lines 1-6). This broad disclosure incorporates the use of a material where the hygroscopic material in imbedded into a matrix. As for the removably of the hygroscopic member 192, as noted above, it is well settled that the separation of elements, where removability would be desirable, is a design consideration within the skill of the art. In re Dulberg, supra. Accordingly, Hashiguchi et al. discloses all of the claimed features of the instant invention and claims 1-10 are therefore unpatentable over the prior art.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Beverly M. Flanagan whose telephone number is (571) 272-4766. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Linda C.M. Dvorak can be reached on (571) 272-4764. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Beverly M. Flanagan

Primary Examiner

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